

April 2024 | Nancy Creech, MD, VP of Clinical Operations



Clinical Guidance Stress Management

In today's fast-paced world, stress is something we all face. Whether it's the demands of work, relationships, or simply the hustle and bustle of modern life, stress can creep in and wreak havoc on our mental and physical well-being. But there's good news: You can learn to manage it. Often this involves a multifaceted approach that may include various therapies, lifestyle modifications, and coping strategies. Here are some common recommendations:

- 1. Cognitive-behavioral therapy (CBT): CBT is a well-established therapeutic approach for stress management. It helps individuals identify and change negative thought patterns and behaviors that contribute to stress. It teaches coping skills such as relaxation techniques, problem-solving, and assertiveness training.
- 2. Mindfulness-based stress reduction (MBSR): MBSR involves mindfulness meditation and other mindfulness practices to increase awareness of the present moment and reduce stress reactivity. It has been shown to be effective in managing stress and improving overall well-being.
- 3. Relaxation techniques: Deep breathing exercises, progressive muscle relaxation, guided imagery, and biofeedback are techniques that can help induce relaxation and reduce stress levels.
- 4. Physical activity: Regular exercise can help reduce stress by releasing endorphins, improving mood, and promoting better sleep. Aim for at least 30 minutes of moderateintensity exercise most days of the week.
- 5. Healthy lifestyle habits: Eating a balanced diet, getting adequate sleep, limiting caffeine and alcohol intake, and avoiding tobacco and recreational drugs can all help support stress management.

- 6. Social support: Maintaining strong social connections and seeking support from friends, family, or support groups can provide emotional support and practical assistance in coping with stress.
- 7. Time management and prioritization: Learning to manage time effectively, set realistic goals, and prioritize tasks can help reduce feelings of being overwhelmed and stressed.
- 8. Seeking professional help: If stress becomes overwhelming or persistent despite self-help strategies, it may be helpful to seek support from a mental health professional, such as a psychologist or counselor, who can provide personalized guidance and support.

It's important to find a combination of strategies that work best for you and to practice self-care regularly to manage stress effectively. Additionally, addressing underlying issues contributing to stress, such as work-related stressors or relationship problems, is for longterm stress management.